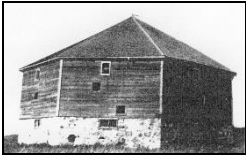
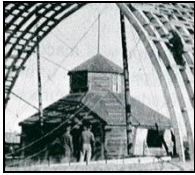










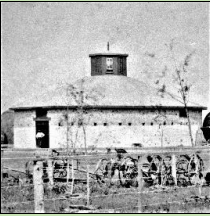



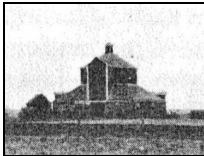








Round Barns of Saskatchewan

				
Abernethy	Aneroid	Arborfield	Wilmar (S of Arcola)	Asquith
Octagonal <i>No Image Available</i>		Octagonal <i>No Image Available</i>		
Broadview	Davis	Day Star First Nation (near Punnichy)	Drake	Drinkwater
				Unknown Design <i>No Image Available</i>
Estuary	Glen Ewen	Govan	Grand Coulee	Gravelbourg
		The Bell Barn at Indian Head Was the First Round Barn In Saskatchewan		
Original Bell Barn Indian Head - 1882	Bell Barn during 1923 window alterations	Bell Barn after 1923 silo installation – 1955 view		Reconstructed Bell Barn Indian Head - 2010
				
Lacadena	Lang	Lanigan	Regina	Rouleau
	Multi-Sided <i>No Image Available</i>	Round <i>No Image Available</i>		
Saskatoon	St. Benedict	Semans	Santaluta	Tuxford

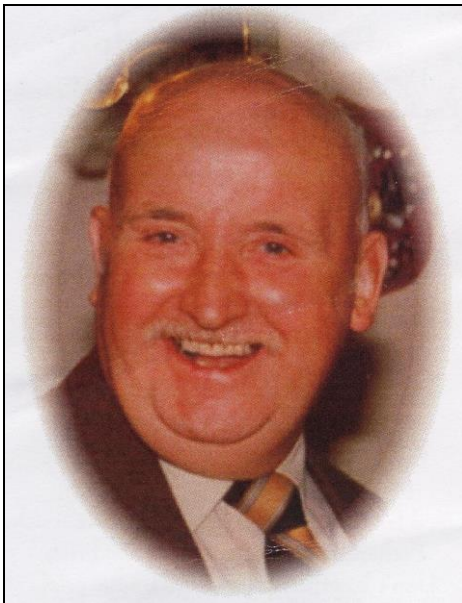
About the Project

This inventory is an on-going research project, jointly initiated by my colleague and friend, Bob Burke, and me in the early 1980s in order to place the historic Bell Barn at Indian Head into a provincial context of other similar structures.

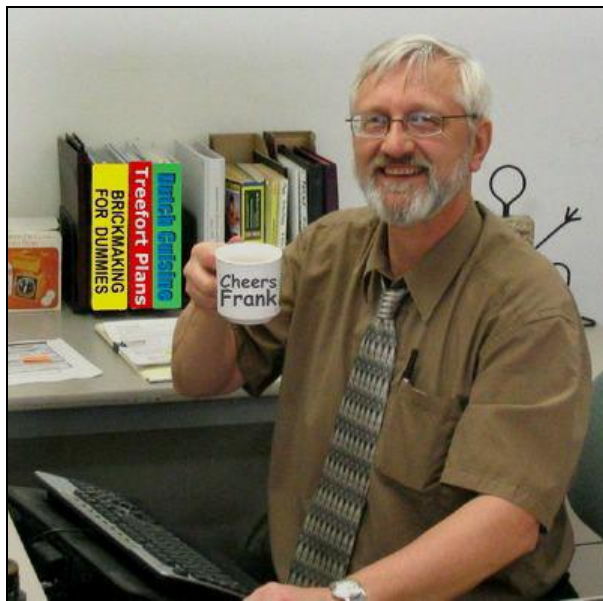
Due to the difficulty of finding more specific information on many of these barns, we have not always been able to include essential information, such as dates of construction, the barn designers or builders, and historic or recent images.

First Nation Barns: We have located a reference to seven octagonal barns (stables / cattle sheds) being constructed around 1901-02 on the Day Star First Nation, situated north of Punnichy. The first was by an aboriginal councillor named Kinequan. These structures are the only multi-sided barns that have been found to date on First Nation lands, and I encourage anyone who has information on or images of these barns to contact me.

The Project Researchers:



Bob Burke



Frank Korvemaker

Bob Burke was born in Liverpool, England in 1932, and initially served in the British Armed Forces. He became a teacher and taught at the Irish Christian College that he attended as a boy. After he moved to Canada with his wife Maureen and their three children in 1966, Bob became an English teacher and taught in Coronach before working at the Pasqua Hospital, Regina and then for several departments within the Saskatchewan Government. He joined the Heritage Branch in 1983 as a Research Historian, documenting and researching historic buildings throughout the province. In addition, he conducted more in-depth research on the history of Electric Power Plants, Dominion Telegraph Stations, Water Towers, Land Titles Buildings, and Round and Multi-Sided Barns. For some years he also worked at the Royal Saskatchewan Museum and at Government House Provincial Heritage Property. He retired in 1996 and died in 2006.

Frank Korvemaker was born in Baarn, Holland in 1947 and the family moved to Ville LeMoyne, Quebec (near Montreal) in 1954. He worked as an historic sites archaeologist with the National Historic Sites Service (Parks Canada) from 1967-72; as an historian with the Alberta Historic Sites Service (Alberta Culture) from 1973-79; as an historian with the Heritage Branch (Sask. Parks, Culture & Sport) from 1979-2004; and as an appraisal archivist with the Provincial Archives of Saskatchewan from 2004-2013, when he retired. He specializes in construction history and has been actively involved with preservation of the Claybank Brick Plant National Historic Site and the round stone Bell Barn at Indian Head. He was the principal photographer for *Historic Architecture of Saskatchewan* and co-authored two books with Margaret Hryniuk and Larry Easton: *Legacy of Stone: Saskatchewan's Stone Buildings*, and *Legacy of Worship: Places of Worship in Rural Saskatchewan*.

Acknowledgements: Over the years various people have provided copies of historical photographs or drawings, as well, as historical information relating to the barns and farms depicted in this report. This contribution is greatly appreciated, as often details of family farms are not readily available in published formats. These people are acknowledged in the section relevant to their round barns.

Appendix: At the end of this report, a listing of other multi-sided buildings and round structures is provided, some of which were once believed to be barns. However, it was later determined that they had a different original function. This appendix also provides some details on such multi-sided structures as bandstands, viewing stands, and watch towers. Due to the large volume of multi-sided railway and municipal water towers, these are not presently included.

Text highlighted in **yellow** require further research and/or confirmation.

If you have any information on any of Saskatchewan's round or multi-sided barns, or know of others that are not listed but exist or existed in the province, please contact me.

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Construction Historian
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S4S 2Y2

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e-mail: fkorvemaker@accesscomm.ca



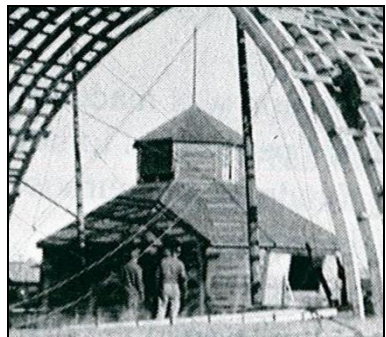
Website: www.mhs.mb.ca/korvemaker






* Photo originally taken for the Heritage Conservation Branch, Saskatchewan Parks, Culture & Sport. These images are now housed at the Provincial Archives of Saskatchewan: Accession 2010-211, boxes 10-13.

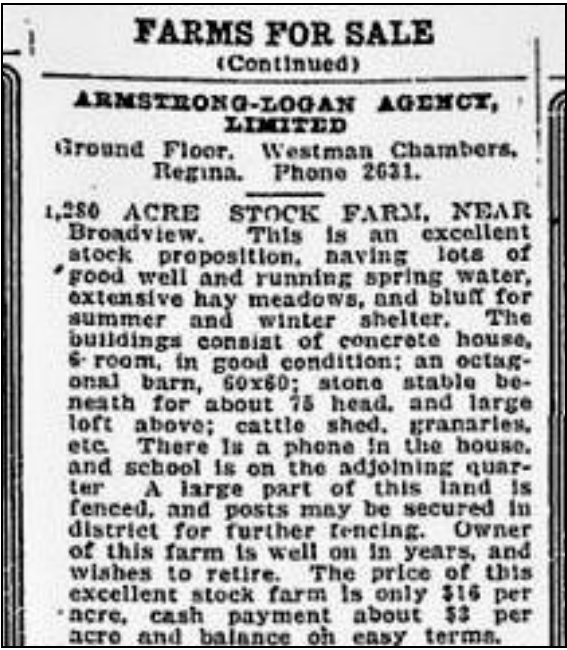
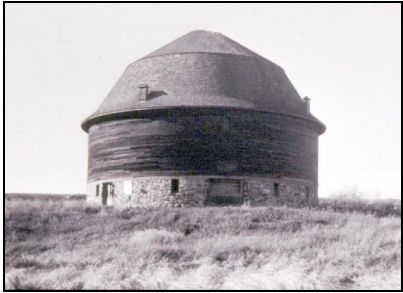

Last Updated: February 27, 2024

Illustrated Inventory of Round and Multi-Sided Barns in Saskatchewan




Based on a listing originally compiled by Bob Burke for the
Heritage Branch, Government of Saskatchewan in December 1992

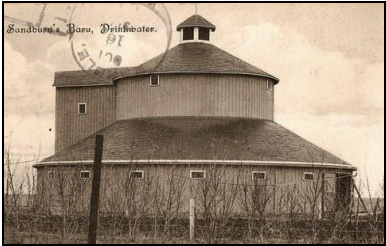




Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Abernethy</p>  <p>pre 1981</p>	<p>Stueck Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: c1900</p> <p>History: This barn was constructed by carpenter Conrad Krug for Englehardt Stueck.</p> <p>Sources: Additional information relating to the Stueck family can be found in the local history for Abernethy: <i>"Dance on the Bridge"</i>, p, 98, 443 and 551-559.</p> <p>Gord Garratt, e-mail, 18 April, 2021.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided, wood frame with horizontal siding and a stone foundation; 1 mile south of Abernethy.</p> <p>Very similar to the W.G. Rogers octagonal barn north of Carberry, Manitoba.</p> <p>Status: Destroyed by fire on Oct. 31, 1980.</p> <p>Additional historical images and information provided by Bert Stueck, Abernethy, Sask. and Marg Hryniuk, Regina, Sask.</p> 
<p>Aneroid</p>  <p>1953 - Local History – p. 8</p>	<p>? Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: This multi-sided wood frame barn has a large cupola on the top, as well as a flag pole. It appears to be located within town limits in 1953, near the new rink then under construction.</p> <p>Status: Demolished in 1962.</p>




Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Arborfield</p>  <p>1985 – Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Hawley Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided (6), with log walls; located east of Arborfield, on grid road east of Highway 23 and 335 junction.</p> <p>Status: Demolished in the 1990s after gradual collapse of the log walls.</p>
<p>Asquith</p>  <p>1992– Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Fielden / Cleghorn Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1922-23</p> <p>History: The round barn was built by Asquith carpenters: Steve Annable and Edgar Salt for British homesteaders Charles and Clara (Hindle) Fielden.</p> <p>A new 1½ storey frame house, constructed in 1924, replaced an earlier log building. Charles and Clara retired to Victoria, B.C. in 1938.</p> <p>In 1949, the farm was sold to the James and Rosena (Kilpatrick) Cleghorn family.</p> <p>Sources: Additional information relating to the Fielden and Cleghorn</p>	<p>families in Asquith local history: “<i>The Asquith Record</i>”, p, 95-96, and 134-135.</p> <p>Design: Round, wood frame structure, with horizontal siding; located along Highway 376, about five miles NW of Asquith, west side of the highway.</p> <p>Status: Extant; for sale by Corona Farms in 2023 (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023)</p> <p>Additional historical images and information provided by Joanie Jones, Cornwall, UK.</p>   



Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Broadview</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>Cranwell Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: For Sale notice in the Dec. 16, 1919 issue of the <i>Regina Leader</i> mentions that the farm includes “a concrete house, 6 room, in good condition; an octagonal barn 60 x 60, stone stable beneath for about 75 head, and large loft above;”</p>	<p>Design: Octagonal barn, located about 12 miles southeast of Broadview</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p> 
<p>Davis</p> 	<p>Cherry Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Possibly erected for Frank and Annie Cherry, who lived in the Davis area in the early 1900s. It may also have been used by the RNWMP at one time.</p> <p>However, at some point before 1985, the hay loft collapsed when it was filled with grain.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure with horizontal siding and a stone foundation; located at NW 18-47-25-w2m – 1 mile south and 2 miles west of Davis, near the Davis Cemetery.</p>  <p>1985– Frank Korvemaker*</p> <p>Status: stone wall extant in 1985; owner in March 2023: Wilf Stavisky.</p>






Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Day Star First Nation</p> <p>Punnichy area</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>Kinequan Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1902</p> <p>History: "... during the past year he [Kenequan / Kinequan] has built a large octagon stable, capable of holding a hundred head of cattle, all made of good timber nicely hewn, and the building well finished and complete in every respect... and by setting the example, the other Indians of this band have built good large octagon stables ..."</p> <p>Source: Dept. of Indian Affairs 1903 Annual Report, for year ending June 30, 1902, p. 174.</p>	<p>Design: Octagonal, log wood barn, located on the Day Star First Nation, north of Punnichy</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p>
<p>Day Star First Nation</p> <p>Punnichy area</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>? Barns</p> <p>Date Constructed: c.1901-1902.</p> <p>History: "... eleven new stables and seven cattle sheds octagon shape, roomy, all being strongly built, ..."</p> <p>Source: Dept. of Indian Affairs 1903 Annual Report, for year ending June 30, 1902, p. 199-200.</p>	<p>Design: Six additional unidentified octagonal, log wood barns were constructed on the Day Star First Nation, north of Punnichy.</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p>


Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Drake</p>  <p>1980– Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Bartel Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1927</p> <p>History: Cornelius and Marie (Sawatzky) Bartel contracted John Andres of Rosthern to build the barn. Lorne Thompson of Lanigan built the lower stone wall. J.A. Peters also worked on the barn’s construction.</p> <p>The barn was damaged in 1967 when it was hit by lightning, and again in 1976 during a severe wind storm. However, it was repaired after both incidents.</p> <p>Sources: Additional information on the Bartel families can be found in the local history for Drake: “<i>Past and Present: Making Memories</i>”, p. 124-150 (especially p. 130-131).</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure with horizontal siding and a stone foundation; located 4 ½ miles west of Drake</p> <p>Status: Extant in 2023. (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023)</p>  






Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Drinkwater</p>  <p>1912 – Post Card</p>	<p>Sanborn Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1908</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p> <p>The barn was seriously damaged during a blizzard in January 2021; and is consequently slated for demolition.</p> <p>Sources: Historic 1912 postcard from Leigh Robinson, Arcola.</p> <p>Historic postcard with lake and barn on far right from Delcampe website.</p> <p>Aerial postcard by Walter Meyer, showing round barn at lower right corner, from Delcampe website.</p>	<p>Design: Round; wood frame structure with vertical siding; along Highway 39, bordering on the east side of town.</p>  <p>1988– Frank Korvemaker*</p>  <p>12 July 2021 – Frank Korvemaker</p> <p>Status: extant in 2023. (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023).</p>  


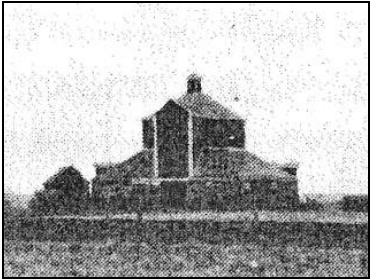
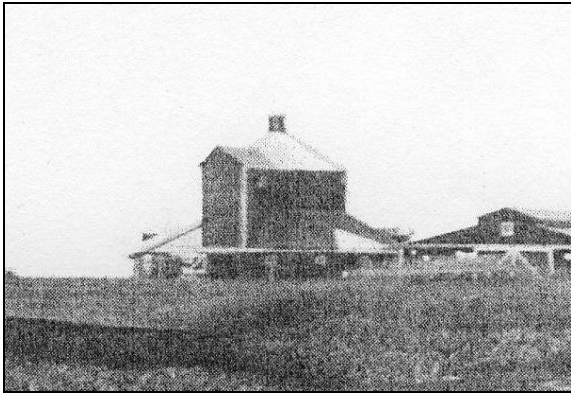
Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Estuary</p>  <p>1986 - Garth Pugh*</p>	<p>Marshall Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1919</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure, vertical siding; located NW of Estuary, in Saskatchewan, but near Empress, Alberta</p> <p>Status: Destroyed by wind in 1993.</p>
<p>Glen Ewen</p>  <p>1986 – Garth Pugh*</p>	<p>MacFarlane Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1915-16</p> <p>History: The barn was built for Charles and Elizabeth (Dowkes) MacFarlane by Charles and George Duncan.</p> <p>Sources: More information on the MacFarlane families can be found in the local history for Glen Ewen: <i>“Furrow to the Future: Oxbow and Glen Ewen”</i> Vol. 2, p. 776-784, 1180.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure, horizontal siding.</p> <div data-bbox="938 1016 1490 1478"> <p>A very familiar landmark is located on the farm — a round barn built by George Duncan in 1916. It measures approximately 75 feet in diameter and is 45 feet high. The floor plan was laid out so that in the center were four basically square box stalls for calves. On the east were stanchions for cattle, which faced the center. On the west, were horse stalls which also faced the center. Modern for the times was a manure removal system consisting of a box which ran on a track and could be deposited directly outside. The hayloft is completely free of pillars or supporting beams on the floor. It was equipped with a track and pulley system so that the hay could be lifted with slings from the hayrack and dropped into the hayloft. The barn is no longer used except for storage. It was straightened and restored in 1968.</p> </div> <p>Status: Demolished in 2006.</p>  <p>Round barn on William Macfarlane farm, erected 1915 by Charles and George Duncan.</p>


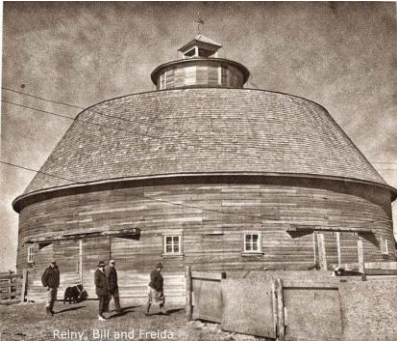
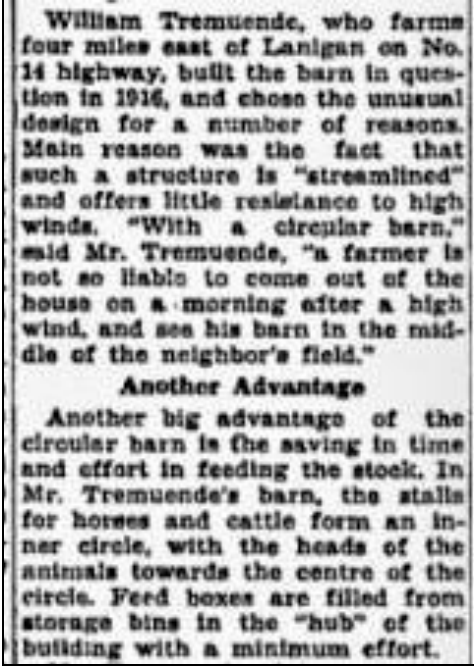


Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Govan</p>  <p>1984– Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Van Luven Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: c1907 in Strasbourg area; moved to Govan area in 19 __.</p> <p>History: “Garrett Neely, from Selby, Ont. , first came to Govan in the early 1900’s and took up his homestead west of town. However, he lived in Strasbourg for a couple of years. Garrett moved his family from Selby to Govan, at that time moving the round barn from Strasbourg, where it had been built. The round barn is. . . now owned and resided on by his grandson, Lawrence Van Luven and his wife, Frances.”</p> <p>Sources: More information on the Van Luven family can be found in the local history for Govan: “<i>Last Mountain Echoes</i>” p. 173, 202.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided (12), wood frame structure, with horizontal siding; located north of Govan, just west of Highway 20</p> <p>Status: Demolished or collapsed some time before 2023 (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023)</p>  <p>Building the barn Govan Local History : “<i>Last Mountain Echoes</i>” p. 202.</p>




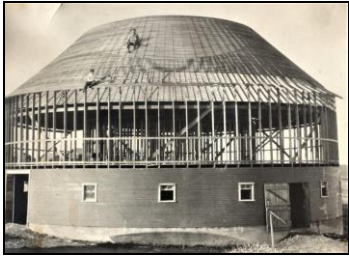


Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<div>Grand Coulee</div> <div></div> <div>Keith Knox collection</div>	<div>Linnen Barn</div> <div>Date Constructed: Unknown</div> <div>History: Not available at this time.</div> <div>Sources: Historic photos provided by Keith Knox, Regina, Sask.</div>	<div>Design: Round; wood frame structure with vertical siding; just north of Highway 1 (TransCanada), south of Grand Coulee</div> <div>Status: Demolished: ca. 1959-60</div> <div></div> <div></div> <div>Photos below taken during demolition</div> <div></div> <div></div>


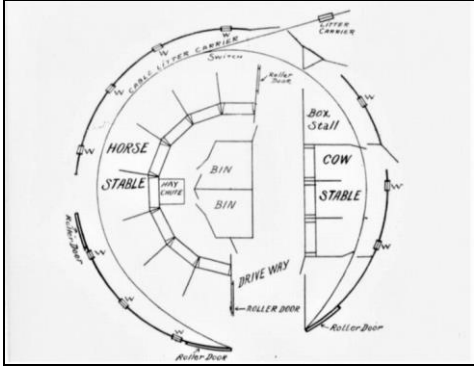
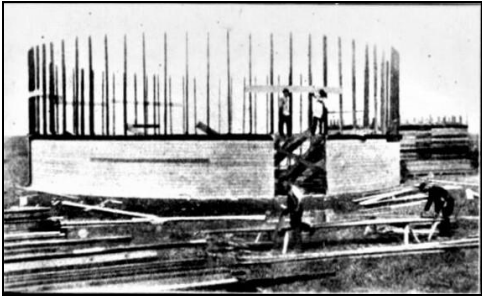
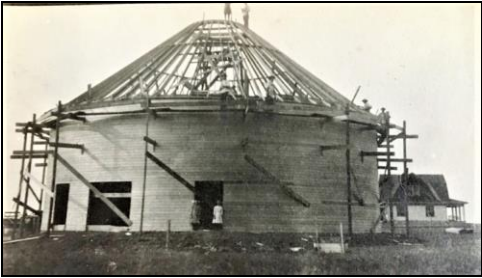

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Gravelbourg</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>? Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: unknown</p> <p>Status: Demolished</p>
<p>Harris</p>  <p>1985 – Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Brown Pig Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1940</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: multi-sided; built by W.T. Brown; located SE of Harris: 6 miles east, 2 miles south, 2 miles east: South half of section 30, Twp, 31, range 10, w3m. – on road south of Goose Lake</p> <p>Personal telephone communication: 14 April 2023 – with Dan Mireau:</p> <p>Status: Extant in 2023; now owned by Dan Mireau (493-7158); Linda [Brown] Becker - 656-2195 - her grandfather built barn.</p>



Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Indian Head</p>  <p>2010 – Frank Korvemaker</p>	<p>Bell Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1882</p> <p>History: The Bell Barn was constructed in 1882 for the Qu’Appelle Valley Farming Company. Major W.R. Bell was the Farm manager and primary shareholder. Originally built as a horse barn, it was converted by the Holden family into a cow barn in 1923. At that time new windows were installed, and the lookout tower was replaced with a silo.</p> <p>Due to structural deterioration beyond repair, the barn was dismantled in 2008 and reconstructed about 100 feet north of the original site in 2009-2010.</p> <p>The Bell Barn Society of Indian Head currently operates the Bell Barn as an Interpretive Centre and leases out the loft for various community functions.</p> <p>Sources: Provincial Archives of Saskatchewan</p> <p>Bell Barn Society website: https://www.bellbarn.ca/</p>	<p>Design: Round; with stone walls, located about 1 mile N of Indian Head, along Highway 56. Until it was dismantled and relocated in 2008, this was the first and oldest round barn in Saskatchewan.</p>  <p>Original Bell Barn in 1883. Sk. Archives: R-B4900-3</p>  <p>Bell (Holden) Barn during 1923 renovations.</p>  <p>Collapse - 2006 – F. Korvemaker</p>  <p>Reconstructed stone wall – 2009 – F. Korvemaker</p> <p>Status: Dismantled in 2008; and reconstructed in 2009-2010.</p>



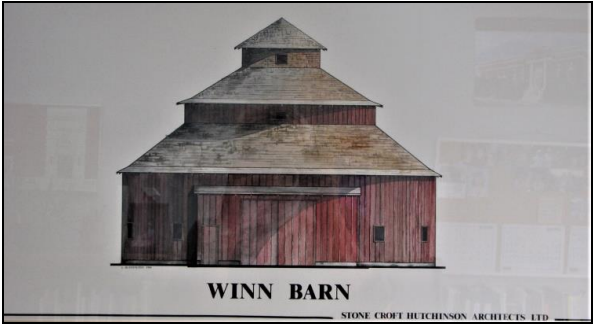
Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Lacadena</p>  <p>1998 – Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>? Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided barn, located 1.1 km north of Lacadena on west side of Highway 342.</p> <p>Status: Extant in 1998.</p>
<p>Lang</p>  <p>Local History, p. 452</p>	<p>Winkler Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: pre 1916</p> <p>History: The barn was constructed by Anton Albert Winkler. He was a carpenter, and built a number of barns in southern Saskatchewan.</p> <p>Sources: More information on the Winkler family can be seen in the Lang local history, p. 452.</p> <p>Personal Communication: email from David Ward Winkler, 13 August, 2013.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure</p> <p>Status: Burned down: ca. 1940s.</p> 



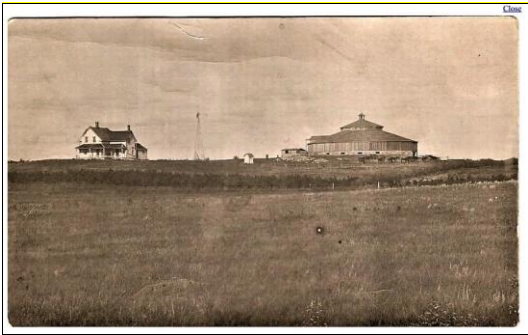
Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Lanigan</p>  <p>1981– Frank Korvemaker*</p>  <p>Before vertical siding added (Source: Facebook)</p>	<p>Termuende Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1916</p> <p>History: The barn was probably built by Emery McNamee for William Termuende, who came from Illinois in 1908, where a substantial number of such barns existed.</p> <p>Later the Farm was acquired by the University of Saskatchewan and incorporated into its agricultural research program</p> <p>Sources: (1) Interview with William Termuende: <i>Regina Leader-Post</i>, Nov. 24, 1939, p. 3; (2) e-mail from John T. Hanou, Maryland, USA, 15 June 2023.</p>	<p>Design: Round; wood frame structure, vertical siding; located about 6 miles east of Lanigan.</p>   <p>1981 – F. Korvemaker</p>  <p>2010 – Adrian Paton</p> <p>Status: Extant in 2023. (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023)</p>

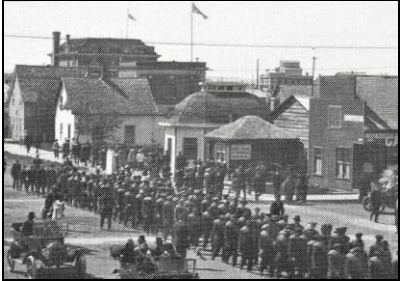


Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Leader</p>  <p>Bill Armstrong - </p>	<p>? Pig Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Round; concrete block structure.</p> <p>Status: Extant in _____.</p>
<p>Regina area</p>  <p>Sk. Archives: R-C3399 (W. Baker)</p>	<p>Coe / Zora Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1913</p> <p>History: One of dozens of round barns built by Emery McNamee & Sons of Knightstown, Indiana throughout Indiana, Montana and Saskatchewan early in the 20th century. This one was built for Joe Coe.</p> <p>Similar to the Winn Barn built SW of Tuxford.</p> <p>The barn was partly destroyed by a wind storm or tornado around 1985; then dismantled in 1987.</p> <p>Sources: Personal Communication – various e-mails from Trish Garner, Ontario during 2020.</p>	<p>Design: Round; wood frame structure, horizontal siding, located about 4 miles North of Regina.</p> <p>Status: Demolished in 1987.</p> <p>Additional historical images and information provided by Trish Garner, Ontario.</p>    

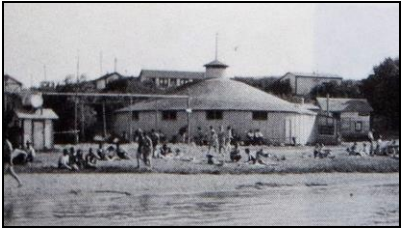




Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Rouleau</p>  <p>1980– Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Parmenter / Larsen Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1910</p> <p>History: The lower section was later removed and the remainder converted into a machine shed.</p> <p>The farm house visible in the background of one of the historic photos was also still extant in 2018.</p> <p>Sources: “Plans for Farm Buildings”, by L.J. Smith and Robert Milne, Manitoba Agricultural College, 1913.</p> <p>Personal Communication: e-mail from Dave Mortenson, Rouleau, Sask., 15 Dec. 2018.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure; horizontal siding; located SW of Rouleau.</p> <p>Status: Extant in 2023: (Ref: John Hanou site inspection, 2023)</p> <p>Additional historical images and information provided by Dave Mortensen, Rouleau, Sask.</p>    






Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>St. Benedict</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>Reinhart Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided.</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p>
<p>Saskatoon area</p>  <p>1992-93 Ches Anderson, Saskatoon</p>	<p>Binnington Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p> <p>Sources: Photo – Carl Tracie, Manitoba</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided frame structure, located near Saskatoon</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p>  <p>1970s – Carl Tracie</p>
<p>Semans</p> <p>No Image Available</p>	<p>Booth Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p>	<p>Design: Round</p> <p>Status: Demolished</p>




Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Sintaluta area</p>  <p>Local History – p. 814</p>	<p>Thompson Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: This barn was constructed for Gilbert and Isabelle (Stokes) Thompson.</p> <p>Sources: More information on the Thompson family can be seen in the local history for Sintaluta: “<i>Tales of the Red Fox</i>”, p. 748-752 and 814.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame barn located in the Qu’Appelle Valley, north of Sintaluta.</p> <p>Status: Unknown</p>
<p>Tuxford</p>  <p>1986– Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Winn Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: Unknown.</p> <p>History: Not available at this time.</p> <p>Sources: A brief report on the Winn Barn can be seen in Leith Knight’s book: “<i>All the Moose . . . All the Jaw</i>”, p. 67 and 68.</p> <p>Architectural drawing: Stone Croft Hutchinson Architects, Ltd., Regina, Sask., 1980s.</p>	<p>Design: Round, wood frame structure, vertical siding; located southwest of Tuxford.</p> <p>Similar to the Coe-Zora Barn, NE of Regina.</p> <p>Status: reportedly collapsed.</p> 




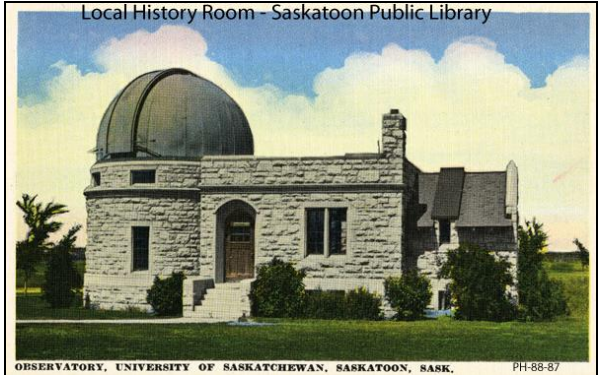
Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<p>Wilmar</p>  <p>1981 – Frank Korvemaker*</p>	<p>Howie Barn</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1905-06</p> <p>History: “My father told me that my great grandfather walked from Cantal (approx. 40 kms cross country) every Monday for many weeks working on the barn returning on Friday or Saturday. Sadly Mr. Howay died when during a really good crop year (1910) he had converted a lot of the stalls on the main floor to hold grain and he was bringing in another load of grain with the team and wagon and the floor gave way and he was smothered.” - Dennis Gervais.</p>	<p>Design: Multi-sided, wood frame with vertical wood siding and a stone foundation; located 2 miles NW of Wilmar, and about 10 miles due south of Arcola.</p>  <p>“The barn was huge approx. 34 M in diameter (112 feet), 352 feet in circumference and 40 feet high to the cupola, over 9850 sq ft in floor space, built with two levels that each were large enough to allow a team and wagon to walk around the center supports and feed the cattle in the stalls that completely encircled the barn.” – Dennis Gervais</p> <p>Status: Destroyed by wind in the 1990s; foundation removed between 2021 and 2023.</p> <p>Additional historical information provided by Dennis Gervais, via Rick Krehbiel, Kisbey:</p>  <p>Same view as: Glenbow - NA-3597-12</p> <p>Stone work by David Jenkins; carpentry by Mr. Gervais – maybe)</p>


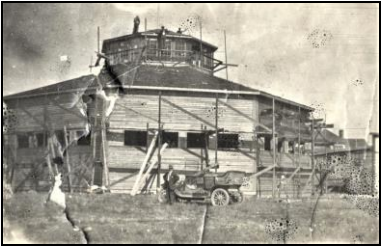
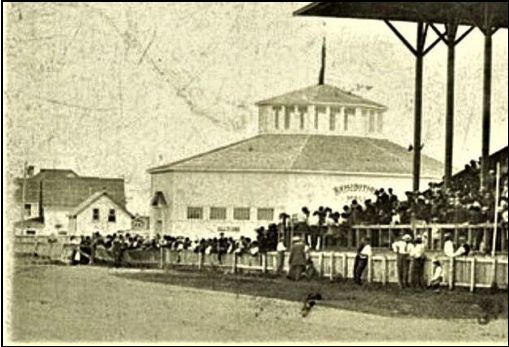

<p style="text-align: center;">Other Round and</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+++++</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Excluding:</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Appendix</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Multi-sided Buildings</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+++++</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Railway and</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">and Structures in Saskatchewan</p> <p style="text-align: center;">+++++</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Municipal Water Towers</p>
Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
 <p style="text-align: center;">Battleford</p>	<p>Main Street parade, 1916</p>	<p>Multi-sided building in downtown Battleford</p>
 <p style="text-align: center;">Carlyle</p>	<p>Watson House – built in 1900; demolished in 1952</p>	<p>Octagonal brick farmhouse with mansard roof</p>
 <p style="text-align: center;">Delmas</p>	<p>Residential School – ice houses</p>	<p>Two identical 14-sided structures. The lack of windows makes it likely that these two structures were ice houses.</p>

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
 <p>Elrose area, Clearwater Lake</p>	Dance Hall	<p>Round building. – same as near Kyle</p>  <p>PAS - R-A1409 merry-g-round and dance hall c.1929</p>
 <p>Fort Qu'Appelle</p>	Dance Hall	<p>Round building. Walls made of straw bales covered with stucco; horsehair floor. Demolished in the 1980s or 1990s.</p>
 <p>Hawarden</p>	Bandstand	<p>Octagonal structure located at intersection of two streets.</p>
 <p>Indian Head</p>	Cemetery Chapel, built in 1935.	<p>Octagonal structures located in Indian Head Cemetery</p>

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
 <p>Kenosee Village</p>	Tumble Inn Dance Hall, built in 1909	Very small octagonal building, with a substantial verandah.
 <p>Manitou Beach</p>	Arcade Pavilion	18-sided dance hall on the edge of Manitou Lake, near Watrous
 <p>North Battleford</p>	Board of Trade Building, built c.1912	Originally located at intersection of two streets; later moved to Western Development Museum 
 <p>Prince Albert</p>	Penitentiary Watch Tower, built about 1920.	Octagonal brick and concrete free-standing tower, located on the west side of the City, along the south bank of the North Saskatchewan River,

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
 <p>Prince Albert</p>	Exhibition Building, built in 1904	Octagonal frame structure, located on the Exhibition Ground, next to the Armoury.
 <p>Prince Albert</p>	Band Stand	Octagonal frame structure located between River Street and the North Saskatchewan River.
 <p>Regina</p>	Band and Reviewing Stands	Territorial Exhibition – 1895 – located north of the Canadian Pacific Railway mainline, east of Pasqua Street.
 <p>Regina – Wascana Park - 2019</p>	Band stand	Octagonal frame structure, located on the north side of Wascana Lake, east of Albert Street.

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
 <p>1980– Frank Korvemaker*</p> <p>Regina area</p>	<p>Deery Dance Hall</p> <p>Date Constructed: 1938</p> <p>History: Built by Frank Deery about 15 miles S. of Battleford, then cut in half and moved to North Battleford, and later cut in half again and moved to Regina, where it was part of the Buffalo Lookout Campground.</p>	<p>Design: Round; wood frame structure; horizontal siding. Located 2-3 miles east of Regina on Highway 1, south side of the highway.</p> <p>Status: Demolished some time between 2015 and 2023</p>
 <p>Saskatoon</p>	<p>Vimy Memorial Bandstand; erected 1936-37.</p>	<p>Design: An octagonal open structure located on Spadina Crescent, south of the Bessborough Hotel. Built by the Kiwanis Club of Saskatoon.</p> <p>Status: Extant 2021</p>
 <p>Saskatoon</p> <p>U of S Archives - A-11009</p>	<p>Observatory, University of Saskatchewan, erected 1929</p>	<p>Design: a round stone observatory attached to an irregularly-shaped office / meeting space.</p>  <p>Status: Extant 2021</p>

Nearest Community	Name / History	Location / Comments
<div></div> <div>Swift Current</div>	Exhibition Building	Octagonal frame structure
<div></div> <div>Weyburn (Source: Marion Fleming)</div>	Weyburn Industrial Exhibition Building, built 1909; demolished 1961	<div>Octagonal frame structure</div> <div></div> <div>Postcard dated 1915</div> <div></div> <div>c.1970s</div>